

POSTGRADUATE COURSE IN
LINEAR REGRESSION MODELS FOR CONTINUOUS AND BINARY DATA
Day 4
Morning

Consider the dataset: “`obese.dta`”. As in the lecture will look at the outcome “`obese`” and the three explanatory variables: `sex`, `scl` and `age`. We here use `age` as a continuous variable and set the reference age to 50 year and reference sex to men.

1. Fit the binary regression model:

$$\Pr(\text{obese}) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \cdot \text{Woman} + \beta_2 \cdot (\text{age} - 50) + \beta_3 \cdot (\text{scl} - 200)$$

Explain all the estimates in the model.

Compare the estimates based on this model with the estimates from the RD model from the lecture, where `age` was introduced as a categorical variable.

2. Find (with CI) , based on the model:

The RD between two women, where the first is 55 year old and has `scl` = 190 and the second is 50 year old and has `scl` = 210.

The RD between two women, where the first is 55 year old and has `scl` = 195 and the second is 50 year old and has `scl` = 215.

The RD between a woman that is 55 year old and has `scl` = 195 and a man that is 60 year old and has `scl` = 215.

Find the risk of being obese for a 55 year old woman with `scl` = 190.

3. Introduce an interaction term between sex and age:

$$\Pr(\text{obese}) = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 \cdot \text{Woman} + \alpha_2 \cdot (\text{age} - 50) + \alpha_3 \cdot (\text{age} - 50) \cdot \text{Woman} + \alpha_4 \cdot (\text{scl} - 200)$$

Fit this model.

Explain the three estimates related to sex and age in this model.

Explain the three p-values related to sex and age in this model.

4. Find (with CI) , based on the model:

The RD between two women, where the first is 55 year old and has `scl` = 190 and the second is 50 year old and has `scl` = 210.

The RD between a woman that is 55 year old and has `scl` = 195 and a man that is 50 year old and has `scl` = 215.

Find the risk of being obese for a 55 year old woman with `scl` = 190.

5. Repeat 1 to 4, but now with the two Risk Ratio model.